

US Macroeconomics

November 27, 2023

Joseph Lavorgna, Chief US Economist | 212.893.1528 | joseph.lavorgna@smbcnikko-si.com

Unprecedented Slowing Absent Recession

With respect to economic peaks, unemployment is a leading indicator, and inflation is a lagging indicator. Every post-WWII recession has been preceded by a half-point increase in the unemployment rate. There have been no exceptions. Meanwhile, since 1960 the inflation rate peaked during recession and always bottomed after the economic recovery ensued.

The chart below shows the unemployment and inflation rates along with recessions as denoted by the shaded regions. The unemployment rate is currently 3.9%, up from its 3.4% cyclical low (set in January and April 2023) and consistent with a looming downturn.

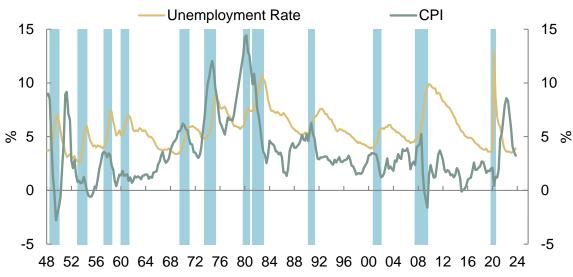
It is evident from the graph below that when the unemployment rate starts to turn upward, it does so quickly and by a large amount. This is why macroeconomists describe downturns as nonlinear events. It is also why recessions are often hard to predict.

Moreover, it does not matter what the level is when the unemployment rate begins to rise. All business cycles experience substantial increases in unemployment regardless of the starting point.

For example, the unemployment rate was at an all-time low in 1953 (2.5%) and yet surged above 6% the following year. And there were similarly large jumps following sub-4% readings in other business cycles, too, such as 1957-1958, 1969-1970 and 2000-2003. This means unemployment could easily top 6% in the next downturn whenever it comes.

Regarding inflation, its performance has been unusual given the behavior of the unemployment rate. Normally, **the inflation rate peaks during recession and comes down hard after an economic recovery has begun**. But this time has been different. Inflation peaked at 8.9% in June 2022, and its growth rate has since collapsed to just 3.2% as of last month. This is an unprecedented slowdown absent the onset of recession.

Why does this matter? It matters because if there is an economic downturn, the inflation rate is going much lower in lagged response to excessive labor/product market slack and weakening aggregate demand. In turn, a discussion around the risk of deflation could resurface. Stay tuned.



Sources: BLS, Haver, SMBC Nikko



Disclaimers

This document is provided by SMBC Nikko Securities America, Inc. ("SMBC Nikko"), the US-registered broker-dealer affiliate of Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, for informational purposes only. This document was prepared by SMBC Nikko's economist(s). The views statements, assumptions and forecasts expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not reflect the judgment of any other person or of SMBC Nikko, It does not constitute an offer, or solicitation of the sale or purchase, of securities or other investments. The information contained herein is obtained or derived from sources believed to be reliable, but SMBC Nikko and the author(s) make no representations as to its accuracy or completeness. In some cases, such information may be incomplete or summarized. This document has been prepared based on assumptions and parameters determined by the economist(s) in good faith. The assumptions and parameters used are not the only ones that could have been selected, and therefore no guarantee is given as to the accuracy, completeness, or reasonableness of any such quotations, disclosures, or analyses. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of any future results.

This document has been prepared for and is directed at institutional investors and other market professionals, and is not intended for use by retail customers. It does not take into account any specific investment objective, financial situation, or particular need of any recipient. The information contained herein should, for whatever purpose, be used solely at the discretion and responsibility of the recipient. SMBC Nikko and its affiliates do not accept any liability or responsibility for any results in connection with the use of such information. Recipients are responsible for making final investment decisions and should do so at their own discretion after conducting a careful examination of all documentation delivered prior to execution, explanatory documents pertaining to listed securities, prospectuses, and other relevant documents, and their own independent analysis and assessment of the merits of any transaction. The financial instruments discussed may be speculative and may involve risks to principal and interest.

Conflicts of Interest Disclosures

The views statements, assumptions and forecasts expressed herein may differ from those expressed in globally branded research produced by SMBC Nikko or its affiliates. The trading desks of SMBC Nikko and its affiliates trade or may trade as principal in the financial instruments that are the subject of this material, and the author(s) of this document may have consulted with the trading desks while preparing this document. The proprietary interests of SMBC Nikko and its affiliates may conflict with those of the recipient. SMBC Nikko and its affiliates may seek to do business with the companies mentioned in this material and the trading desks may have accumulated, be in the process of accumulating, or accumulate long or short positions in the financial instruments mentioned and may have acquired them at prices no longer available. The trading desks may also have or take positions inconsistent with the views expressed in this document or may have already traded on those views.

This material is not a research report, and neither this material nor its author(s) is subject to SMBC Nikko policies and procedures that apply to the globally branded research reports and research analysts of SMBC Nikko and its affiliates or to legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research. It is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. This means that on the date of this document, SMBC Nikko, its affiliates, and their respective directors, representatives, or employees, may have a long or short position in any of the instruments mentioned in this document and may make a market or trade in instruments economically related to the securities, derivatives or other underlying assets mentioned herein, in each case either as principal or as agent.

No part of the author(s) compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations or views expressed herein. The personal views of authors may differ from one another.

Distribution, possession or delivery of this document in, to or from certain jurisdictions may be restricted or prohibited by law. Recipients of this document are required to inform themselves of and comply with all such restrictions or prohibitions.

© 2023 SMBC Group. All rights reserved.