

US Macroeconomics

Joseph Lavorgna, Chief US Economist | 212.893.1528 | joseph.lavorgna@smbcnikko-si.com

A Lower Hurdle for Rate Cuts

We have been bearish on the economy and bullish on treasuries for a handful of reasons. The Index of Leading Economic Indicators (LEI) is in freefall, the Treasury yield curve is deeply inverted, commercial banks continue to tighten lending standards, consumer goods spending is well above its pre-covid trend, construction payrolls are massively outsized relative to underlying housing activity, and finally, inflation continues to collapse after having peaked just three months after the Fed began raising interest rates.

The LEI is down 19 consecutive months and declining at a near 8% annual rate. The slope of the yield curve has been negative for 17 consecutive months after a record sized inversion earlier this year. Senior loan officers continue to tighten credit for businesses and households at levels consistent with past recessions.

Real consumer goods spending, as a share of GDP, is over 9% which is one and half percentage points above its pre-pandemic trend. Based on the level of residential investment, as well as current readings on homebuilders' sentiment and mortgage applications, we calculate that there is anywhere between 700k to 1 million too many construction jobs relative to demand.

Lastly, the consumer price index is up 3.1% over the last 12 months, down from its 9.1% cyclical peak and on track to hit 2% around the middle of next year. Inflation having peaked a record-long 13 months before the peak in the funds rate means there is a lot of policy tightening in train.

Against this backdrop, we have long argued the Fed needs to cut interest rates by at least 250 basis points (bps) over the next 18-to-24 months to properly recalibrate the overnight night borrowing rate with the term structure of interest rates. The fed funds futures market is almost there, discounting about 200 bps in cuts over the next 18 months. If there is a recession, the funds rate is likely to go much lower. That is the chief risk.

But <u>what is surprising to us, is the timing of the Fed pivot because the factors we cite above have been</u> <u>known for some time, and the latest data while softening, have still been decent</u>. Even the FOMC's updated forecasts do not explain the dovish shift. For example, the median estimate of the core PCE was lowered only a couple of tenths from where it was in September to 2.4%. Headline inflation and real GDP were trimmed just a tenth to 2.4% and 1.4%, respectively. And the unemployment rate was unrevised at 4.1%. Yet, the median 2024 Fed dot is 50 bps lower than where it was in September.

Furthermore, consider what Chair Powell said just two weeks ago at Spelman College. "It would be premature to conclude with confidence that we have achieved a sufficiently restrictive stance, or to speculate on when policy might ease. *We are prepared to tighten policy further if it becomes appropriate to do so.*" Clearly this was not the message that Chair Powell delivered this week when he stated the FOMC discussed rate cuts! What changed in such a brief period?

Regarding the outlook for official interest rates, <u>the abrupt change in Fed tone means the hurdle for a Q1 rate</u> <u>cut is much lower than before</u>. We will not need negative employment for the Fed to cut. Instead, any variety of mildly weaker economic data could initiate rate cuts.

For example, the Fed could now lower rates on any combination of sub-100k nonfarm payrolls, near 4% unemployment, only modest increases in core inflation, flat-to-modestly negative retail sales, and even a weaker than expected ISM manufacturing survey. Notably, we would not have made this argument before the December FOMC meeting. Stay tuned.



Disclaimers

This document is provided by SMBC Nikko Securities America, Inc. ("SMBC Nikko"), the US-registered broker-dealer affiliate of Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, for informational purposes only. This document was prepared by SMBC Nikko's economist(s). The views statements, assumptions and forecasts expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not reflect the judgment of any other person or of SMBC Nikko, It does not constitute an offer, or solicitation of the sale or purchase, of securities or other investments. The information contained herein is obtained or derived from sources believed to be reliable, but SMBC Nikko and the author(s) make no representations as to its accuracy or completeness. In some cases, such information may be incomplete or summarized. This document has been prepared based on assumptions and parameters determined by the economist(s) in good faith. The assumptions and parameters used are not the only ones that could have been selected, and therefore no guarantee is given as to the accuracy, completeness, or reasonableness of any such quotations, disclosures, or analyses. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of any future results.

This document has been prepared for and is directed at institutional investors and other market professionals, and is not intended for use by retail customers. It does not take into account any specific investment objective, financial situation, or particular need of any recipient. The information contained herein should, for whatever purpose, be used solely at the discretion and responsibility of the recipient. SMBC Nikko and its affiliates do not accept any liability or responsibility for any results in connection with the use of such information. Recipients are responsible for making final investment decisions and should do so at their own discretion after conducting a careful examination of all documentation delivered prior to execution, explanatory documents pertaining to listed securities, prospectuses, and other relevant documents, and their own independent analysis and assessment of the merits of any transaction. The financial instruments discussed may be speculative and may involve risks to principal and interest.

Conflicts of Interest Disclosures

The views statements, assumptions and forecasts expressed herein may differ from those expressed in globally branded research produced by SMBC Nikko or its affiliates. The trading desks of SMBC Nikko and its affiliates trade or may trade as principal in the financial instruments that are the subject of this material, and the author(s) of this document may have consulted with the trading desks while preparing this document. The proprietary interests of SMBC Nikko and its affiliates may conflict with those of the recipient. SMBC Nikko and its affiliates may seek to do business with the companies mentioned in this material and the trading desks may have accumulated, be in the process of accumulating, or accumulate long or short positions in the financial instruments mentioned and may have acquired them at prices no longer available. The trading desks may also have or take positions inconsistent with the views expressed in this document or may have already traded on those views.

This material is not a research report, and neither this material nor its author(s) is subject to SMBC Nikko policies and procedures that apply to the globally branded research reports and research analysts of SMBC Nikko and its affiliates or to legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research. It is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. This means that on the date of this document, SMBC Nikko, its affiliates, and their respective directors, representatives, or employees, may have a long or short position in any of the instruments mentioned in this document and may make a market or trade in instruments economically related to the securities, derivatives or other underlying assets mentioned herein, in each case either as principal or as agent.

No part of the author(s) compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations or views expressed herein. The personal views of authors may differ from one another.

Distribution, possession or delivery of this document in, to or from certain jurisdictions may be restricted or prohibited by law. Recipients of this document are required to inform themselves of and comply with all such restrictions or prohibitions.

© 2023 SMBC Group. All rights reserved.